Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ **Government**

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| **Vocabulary** |
| **government** | The system by which a nation, state, or community conducts its policy, actions, and affairs |
| **direct democracy** | sometimes called "pure democracy," is a form of democracy in which the people themselves, rather than elected representatives, determine the laws and policies by which they are governed. |
| **representative democracy** | a form of government in which the people elect representatives to create the laws and policies by which they are governed (also known as **indirect democracy**) |
| **federal system** | divides the powers of government between the national (federal) government and state and local governments - The Constitution of the United States established the federal system, also known as federalism. |
| **unicameral system** | a representative form of government with a single legislative chamber |
| **bicameral system** | governmental system dividing the legislative function between two chambers an "upper," such as the U.S. Senate and the British House of Lords, and a "lower," such as the U.S. House of Representatives and the British House of Commons |
| **impeachment** | is a formal process in which an official is accused of unlawful activity, the outcome of which, depending on the country, may include the removal of that official from office as well as criminal or civil punishment |
| **naturalize** | To grant full citizenship to a person |
| **citizen** | A person owing loyalty to and entitled by birth or naturalization to the protection of a state or nationA resident of a city or town, especially one entitled to vote and enjoy other privileges there |
| **debate** | A discussion involving opposing points; an argument |
| **political/politics** | Of, relating to, or dealing with the structure or business of government |
| **3 Branches of Government** | **Legislative**-makes the laws (Senate and House of Representatives**Executive**-carries out laws (President, Vice President, Cabinet)**Judicial**-evaluates the laws (Supreme Court, other federal courts) |
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